

Contextual Neural News Summarization



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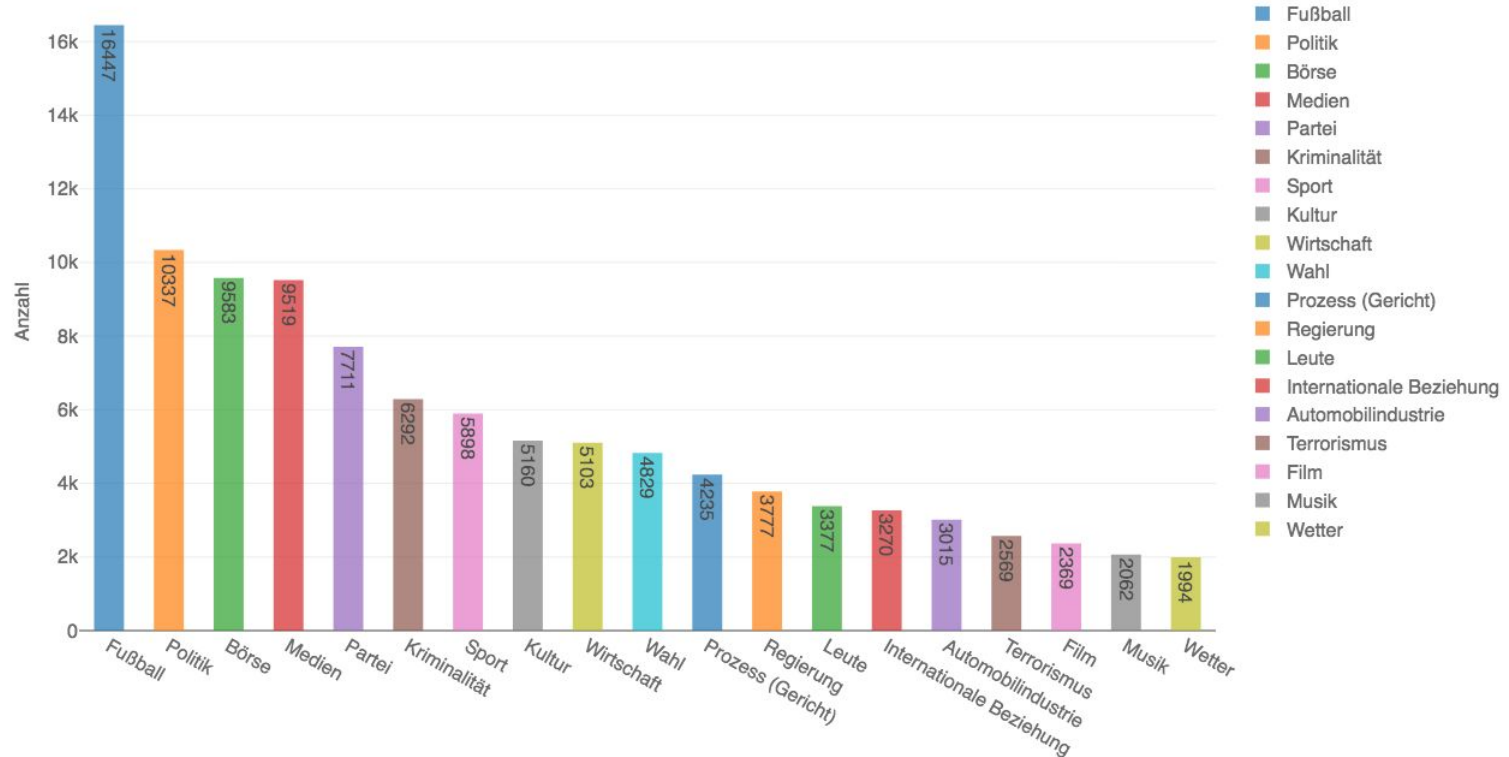
Motivation





Motivation

DPA Medtop (total: 107547)





Motivation

CSTI Cluster + Testing Machines (Resources)

- Test Setup (2x Nvidia 1080 ti, 64GB RAM)
- Cluster setup (8x Nvidia P6000, 256GB RAM)
- Benchmarking on standard tasks
- “A deep learning pipeline at scale”



Research Question

How to create an abstractive multi document summarization (extended: dossier) system that leverages context and human input?



Dossiers

Goal: Dossier is a collection of papers or other sources, containing detailed information about a particular subject. It is a meta structure.

- ◉ Designed to fit a (topical) narrative / problem definition
- ◉ Chronological / Historical / Hierarchical
- ◉ Transparent and comprehensible
- ◉ Presenting central (non-biased) arguments
- ◉ Shallow at first glance, deep at second look



Dossiers

Problem: Dossiers are too hard for a first “summarization” task. Dossiers can be viewed as a Multi Task Learning (MTL) problem on different objectives.

- ◉ Key arguments of entire collections with different topics / chronology
- ◉ Presenting narratives / presenting a discourse
- ◉ Implicit real world knowledge not in the source



Summarization

Goal: Automatic summarization of text, by shortening large amounts of documents keeping their original points.

- Single / Multi document summarization
- Concise and fluent, based on facts (no fakes!)
- Extractive / Abstractive



Classic summarization

Extractive, e.g. reordering sentences and passages. (abstractive not possible)

- Cue words - dictionary based
- Title - weighted average of title
- Location - beginning / end of text
- Indicator matrix - word/sentence importance
- Topic based (LSI, LDA, TF-IDF)



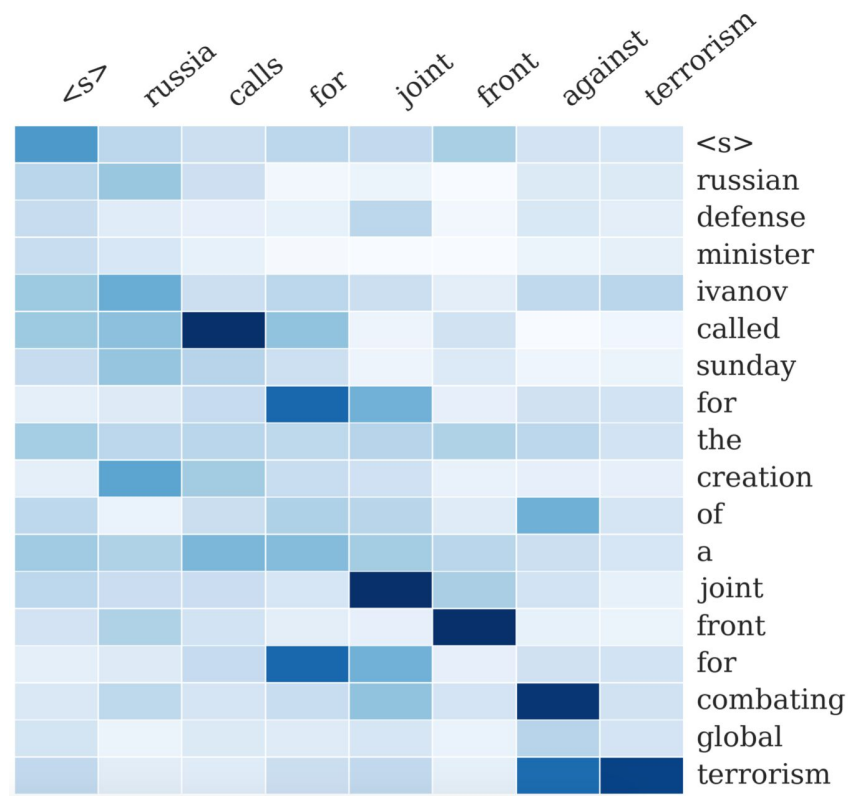
Neural Summarization

- ◉ End-to-end learning (large corpora + vocab problematic)
- ◉ Mostly abstractive (autoencoders)
- ◉ Window based methods
- ◉ Hierarchical e.g. sentence to word to character
- ◉ WSD and OOV
- ◉ Learning weights for factual checking and repetition
- ◉ Multi document summarization is “new”



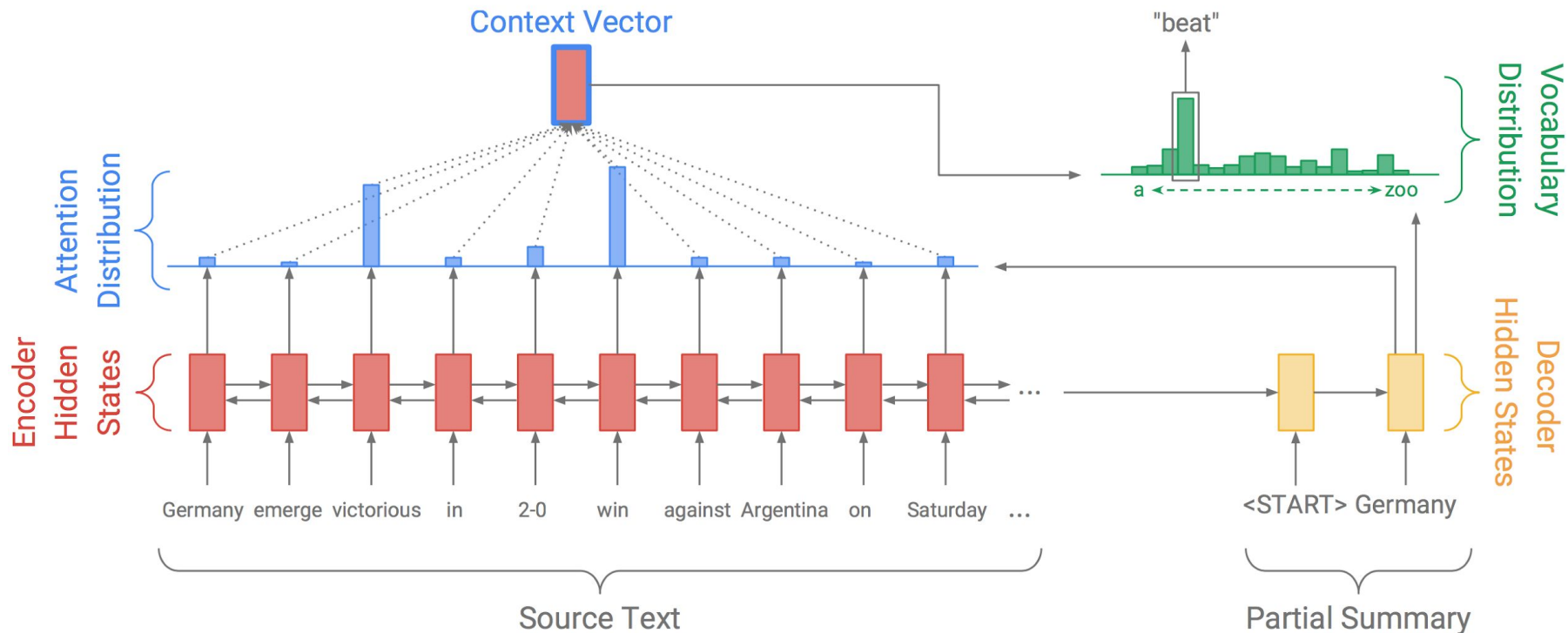
Rush, et al. (2015)

- Single sentence abstractive summarizations
- Attention glueing encoder / decoder
- Fixed length summaries
- Handles OOV words with a pointer parameter





Rush, et al. (2015)



Source: A. See, et al. (2017)

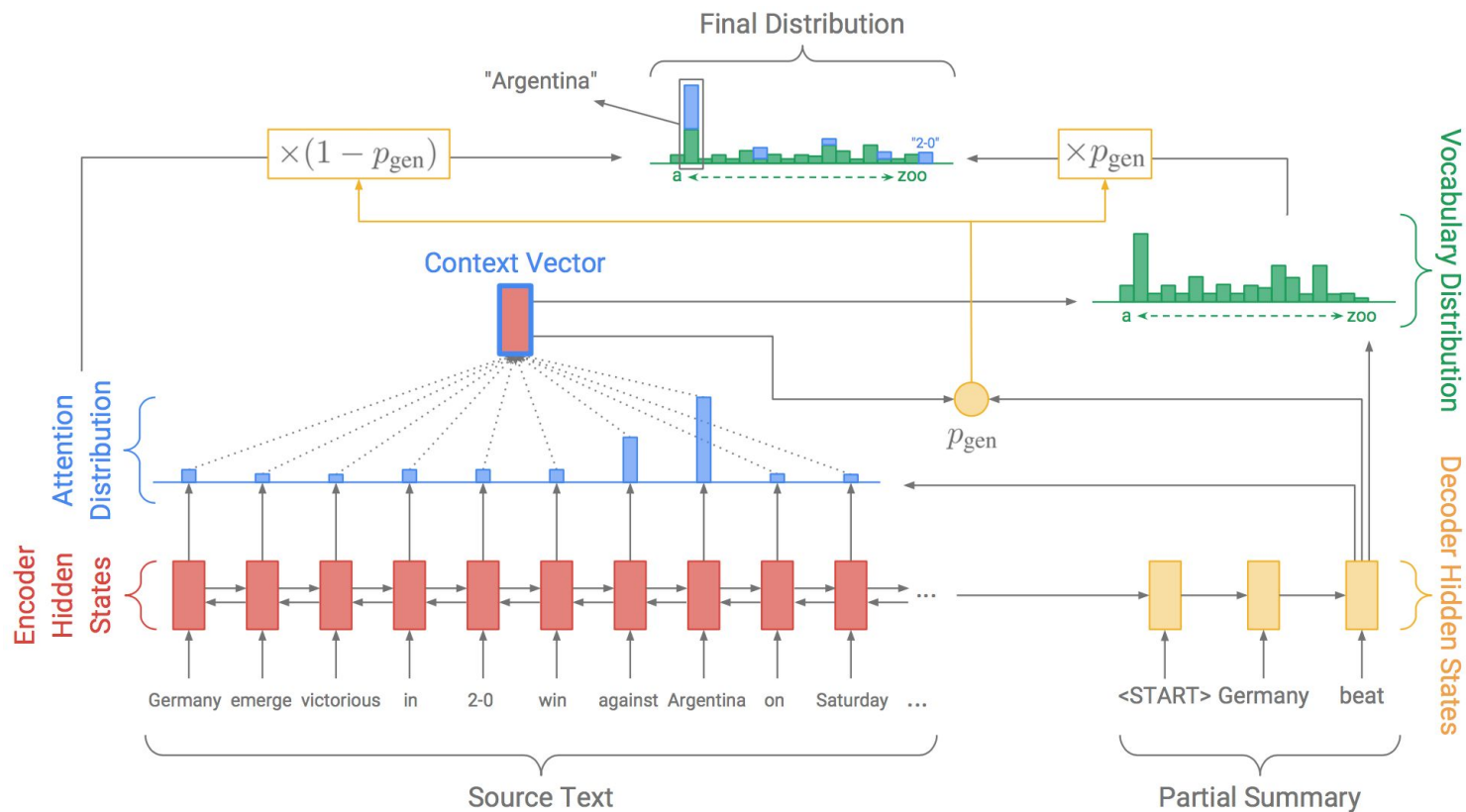


A. See, et al. (2017)

- OVV handling via pointer network - generate or copy?
- Learning a coverage vector, attending less to frequently attended ideas over time
- Handling documents, not sentences
- Handles facts better and removes more nonsensical claims



A. See, et al. (2017)





More concepts

- ◉ POS / NER / TF-IDF embeddings - R. Nallapati, et al. (2016)
- ◉ Hierarchy - learning sentences down to words (using CNNs with LSTMs) - R. Nallapati, et al. (2016)
- ◉ Use side information during attention - S. Narayan, et al. (2017)
- ◉ Factual checking, reducing invalid claims - Z. Cao, et al. (2018)
- ◉ Topic awareness - L. Wang, et al. (2018)

Context and Knowledge



“



Context and Knowledge

Transfer Learning: Store knowledge conditioned on a domain D_s and apply it successfully to a different domain D_t .

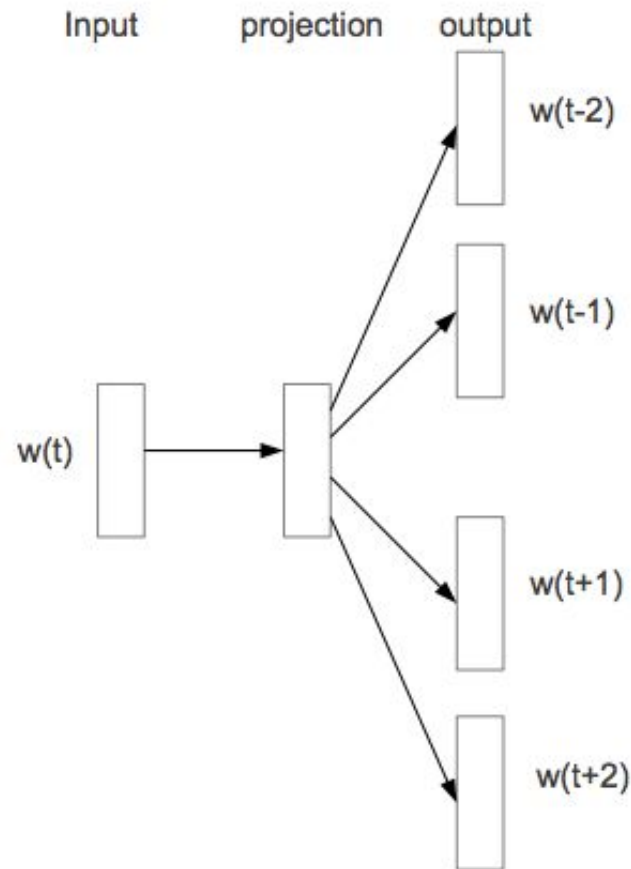
- Word2Vec, GloVe, Doc2Vec etc. are such models
- In image recognition any model that is able to detect “shapes”



Word2Vec (Mikolov et al. 2013)

- Unsupervised Word embedding
- Skip-gram with sliding window as context of center word
- Negative sampling with noise contrastive estimation
- Essentially a PMI Matrix
- Related: GloVe, Dep2Vec, Dict2Vec

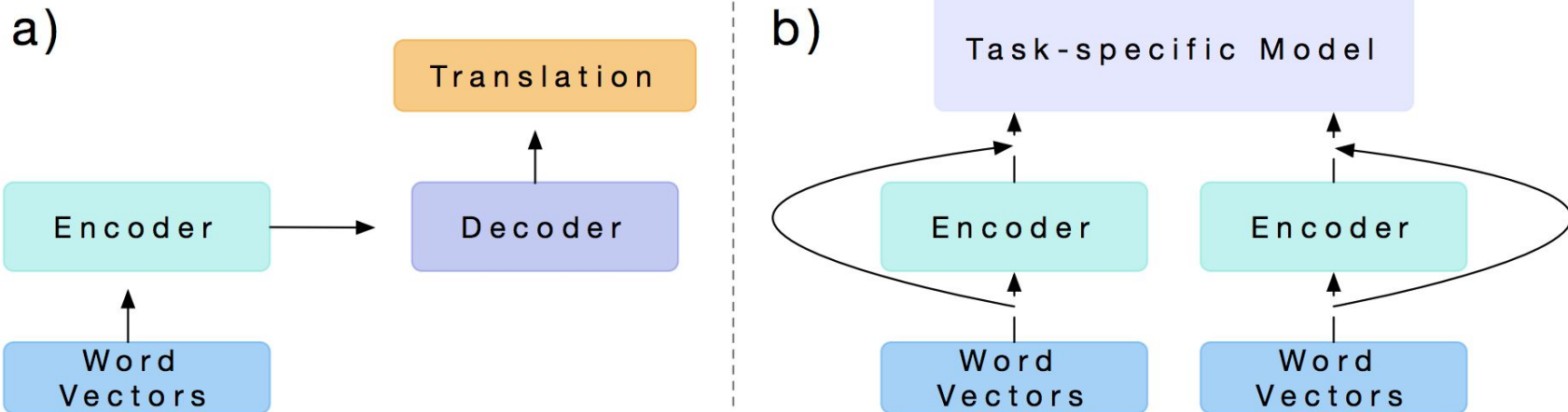
$$\frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{-c \leq j \leq c, j \neq 0} \log p(w_{t+j} | w_t)$$





CoVe (B. McCann, et al. 2017)

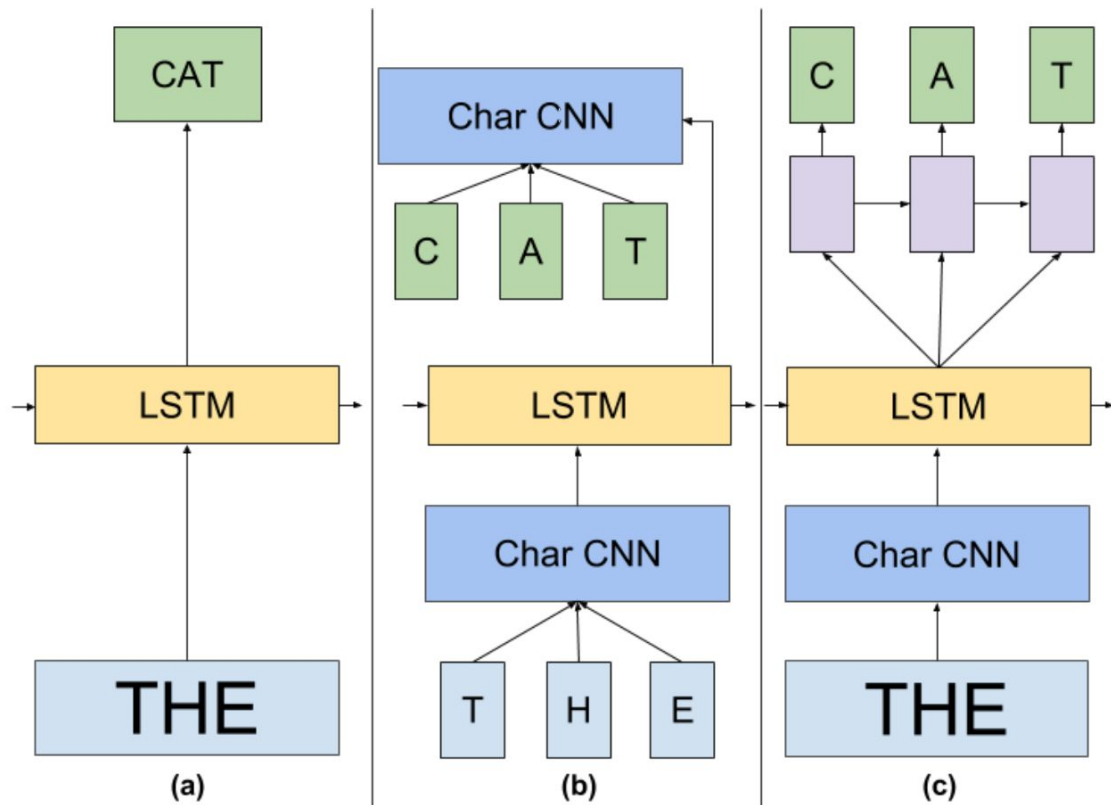
- Train a NMT system and use the encoder as a language model
- Initialize with *GloVe*
- Use the encoder in a specific language task generically
- Related: *Doc2Vec*





Chars (R. Jozefowicz, et al. 2016)

- Word LSTM (a) baseline
- Char CNN (b) and Char CNN with softmax LSTM (c) outperform
- Fewer parameters
- Handling OOV out of the box
- Perplexity down from 50 to 20 (impressive)





News and Knowledge

Goal: Create language models based on all the information and combine them through multi task learning

- ◉ News present topics over time (event based)
- ◉ Curated categories and keyword hierarchies
- ◉ Articles are well written (if news source is good)
- ◉ Descriptions, headlines, images etc.
- ◉ HTML and hyperlinks
- ◉ Editor notes and known authors
- ◉ Geo locations and publishing locations
- ◉ Named entities



Conclusion

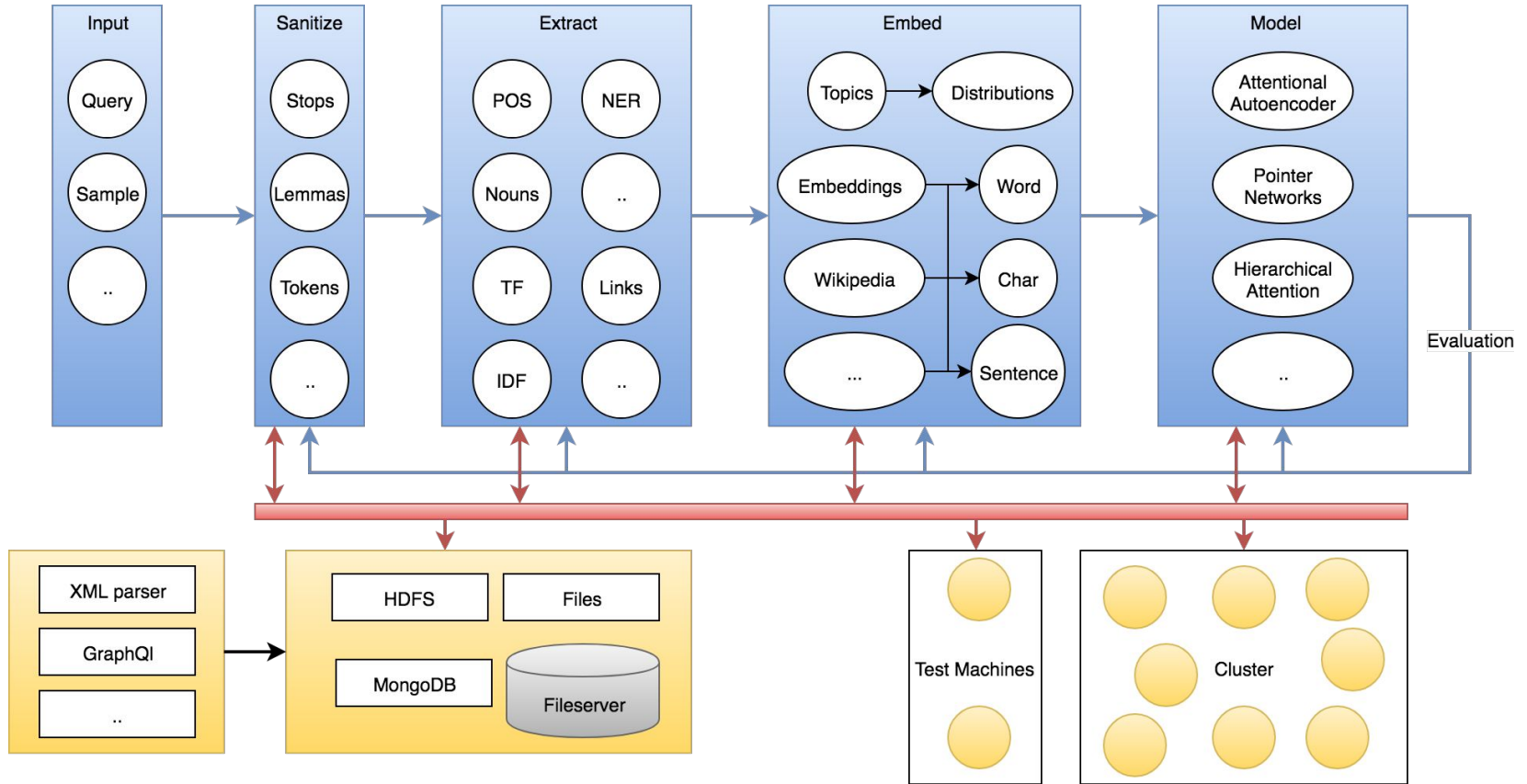
- ◉ Use language models on the domain data
- ◉ Learn a broad task through auxiliary tasks
- ◉ Connect different models with multi task learning techniques
- ◉ Characters actually make sense, so do hierarchies of words and sentences
- ◉ Use side information via attention

Outlook





KDD - Summarization





KDD - Technologies

<p><i>Languages</i></p> <p>Python3, Golang, Bash</p>	<p><i>Numeric</i></p> <p>Numpy, Scipy</p>	<p><i>Data Munging</i></p> <p>Pandas, Apache Arrow</p>
<p><i>Pipeline</i></p> <p>Apache Airflow</p>	<p><i>File handling</i></p> <p>HDFS, MongoDB, Apache Parquet</p>	<p><i>Learning</i></p> <p>Keras, SpaCy, Tensorflow</p>
<p><i>Visuals</i></p> <p>Jupyter, Matplot, Bokeh, Plotly</p>	<p><i>Deployment</i></p> <p>Nvidia-Docker, Docker</p>	<p><i>GPU</i></p> <p>CUDA / CUDNN</p>



Outlook

Risks

- Extremely broad and complex
- Improving area, quality is okay
- Generating dossiers is “harder” than generating summaries
- No specific literature
- Real world data

Chances

- A lot of ground to cover
- Real world data
- German models are rare
- Multiple interacting DL systems
- Minimize risk by defining clear subtasks



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Thanks!

Any questions ?

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